

THE CORRELATION BETWEEN ATTITUDE AND APPLICATION THE MASK OF FAMILIES OF TUBERCULOSIS PATIENTS IN DAHLIA ROOM OF ULIN REGIONAL GENERAL HOSPITAL BANJARMASIN 2015

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ABSTRACT

Background: Tuberculosis (TB) is a serious problem for the world. A patient with BTA (+) the high degree of positive potential to transmit disease. Pulmonary tuberculosis can be spread because of the behavior and attitude of families that are less good. One effort that can be done to prevent transmission of pulmonary TB disease is the use of masks. Family attitude largely determines the success of treatment, especially in preventing transmission.

Objective: To determine the relationship between attitudes to the use of masks family of pulmonary TB patients in hospitals Dahlia Lounge Ulin Banjarmasin

Methods: This study used analytic survey with cross sectional approach. Population and sample are family pulmonary TB patients in hospitals Dahlia Lounge Ulin Banjarmasin in June-July 2015 amounted to 30 people with making accidental sampling technique. Gathering data using questionnaires and analyzed using Spearman Rank correlation test with a confidence level of 95%.

Results: Pulmonary TB patient's family largely behave in the use of masks as many as 17 people (53.1%) and most did not use a mask as many as 20 people (62.5%). There is a relationship between attitudes to the use of masks family of pulmonary TB patients in hospitals Dahlia Lounge Ulin Banjarmasin ($p = 0.000 < \alpha 0.05$, $r = 0,728$)

Conclusion: There is a relationship between attitudes to the use of masks pulmonary TB patient's family. Hospitals need to organize the provision of appropriate education to the family of pulmonary TB patients through counseling

Keywords: attitude, use of masks, pulmonary tuberculosis